## [ ENGLISH VERSION ]

[Groups 'A' to 'F' are common for both Regular and External Candidates and Group 'G' is meant only for External Candidates]

(All questions of Group 'A' are compulsory.

Candidates should follow the alternatives in other groups.

Sightless Candidates will answer the alternative questions as per directive in Group 'F'. Others will attempt map pointing.)

	GRO	UP—A	
Write	the correct answer from the given	alternatives :-	1×14=14
1.1	es, is called :		
	(a) Volcanism	(b) Aggradation	
	(c) Deposition	(d) Degradation	¥
1.2	The highland between two river	pasins is called:	
	(a) Water divide	(b) River terrace	
	(c) Natural levee	(d) Doab	
1.3	A lake carved out by glacier is		
	(a) Corrie lake	(b) Playa lake	
	(c) Ox-bow lake	(d) Lagoon	
1.4	Plain formed by wind deposition	is called :	
ŷ.	(a) Dune	(b) Hamada	
	(c) Dhrian	(d) Loess	

1.

Lakes containing saine water in Sanara desert are carred.					
(a) Shotts	(b) Bolson				
(c) Dhand	(d) Tal				
The union territory of Ladakh is separated from :					
(a) Telangana	(b) Jammu & Kashmir				
(c) Uttarakhand	(d) Jharkhand				
The valley between Siwalik and Lesser Himalaya is called:					
(a) Bhavar	(b) Khadar				
(c) Karewa	(d) Dun				
The largest river valley project of India is :					
(a) Hirakund	(b) Bhakra-Nangal				
(c) Nagarjun Sagar	(d) Rana Pratap Sagar				
"Burst of Monsoon" is first observed in :					
(a) Kerala	(b) Karnataka				
(c) Meghalaya	(d) West Bengal				
"Chandan" tree grows in the region of:					
(a) Tropical evergreen vegetation					
(b) Tropical deciduous vegetation	ε.				
(c) Tropical desert vegetation					
(d) Coniferous vegetation					
1 The Central Coffee Research Institute of India is located at :					
(a) Jorhat	(b) Bengaluru				
(c) Chikmagalur	(d) Coimbatore				
	(a) Shotts (c) Dhand  The union territory of Ladakh is sep (a) Telangana (c) Uttarakhand  The valley between Siwalik and Les (a) Bhavar (c) Karewa  The largest river valley project of I (a) Hirakund (c) Nagarjun Sagar  "Burst of Monsoon" is first observe (a) Kerala (c) Meghalaya  "Chandan" tree grows in the region (a) Tropical evergreen vegetation (b) Tropical deciduous vegetation (c) Tropical desert vegetation (d) Coniferous vegetation  The Central Coffee Research Institute (a) Jorhat				

	1.13	(a) (c) 3 Acc (a) (c) 4 The	Sector-V, Salt Lake ording to Indian Census, the mini 4000 6000	(b) (d) mun (b)	in West Bengal is at:  Kharagpur  Siliguri  population of an urban centre is:  5000  7000
			Kolkata	(b)	Chennai
		. ,		(d)	Mumbai
		22	GROUP-	—В	
<u>,</u> .	2.1	If the	statement is true, write 'T' and er any six):	l if	false, write 'F' against the following
		2.1.1	Cusec is the unit used for meas	urin	1×6=6
		2.1.2	Floating ice mass in the sea is	calle	ed icehera
		2.1.3	Sri Lanka is a neighbouring cou	ntry	that shares boundary with India.
		2.1.4	Aravalli in India is an example	of y	oung fold mountain
		2.1.5	Logtak is the largest lagoon of l	ndia	i.
		2.1.6			ite of India" is located at Dehradun.
		2.1.7	One of the forest based industri	es o	f India is paper industry.
	2.2	Fill in	the blanks with suitable words (	ansv	ver any sir) :
		2.2.1	The Nile delta is sh		
		2.2.2	The highland between two adjac	cent	corries is called
		2.2.3	The highest mountain peak of So	outh	India is
		2.2.4	Brahmaputra is known as		in Arunachal Pradesh
		2.2.5	The dust storms developed duri	ng s	summer seasons in North-West India is
		2.2.6	soil is ideal for grov	vth (	of mangrove forest
		2.2.7	Jamnagar is famous for		

1.12

						1×6=6
	2.3	Answer	in one or two words			
		2.3.1	Which bank of a rive	r meander exp	eriences more erosion?	
		2.3.2	At which altitude, the			
		2.3.3	Name the sand dunes	5		
		2.3.4	What is 'Tal' in Wes			
		2.3.5	In which State of Inc	dia, lower cour	se of river Ganga lies?	
		2.3.6	Name a farming tech	nique which pr	events soil erosion on the	hill slopes.
		2.3.7			sugarcane production?	
	2.3.8 Where was the first cotton mill set up in India?					
			178		8	1×4=4
	2.4	Match	the Left Column with	the Right Coli	ımn :—	
			Left Column		Right Column	
		2.4.1	Namcha Barwa	1.	Rajasthan	
		2.4.2	Majuli	2.	Odisha	
		2.4.3	Marusthali	3.	Peak of Eastern Himalay	a
		2.4.4	Paradweep	4.	Brahmaputra	
		*		GROUP—C	si N	
					*:	2×6=12
3.			e following in brief (A	Miternatives sno	uld be floted) .—	
	3.	1 Defin	e "gradation".			
			* * *	OR	30 95 e	
		What	is alluvial cone?			
3.2 What do you mean by "piedmont glacier" ?						
	J.,	2 W Hui	,	OR		
		Defin	e "transverse dune".	Ψ.		90
,			4	0a		

3.3	What do you mean by "Maidan" ?					
	OR					
	What is "Rann of Kutch"?					
3.4	Define "Western Disturbance".					
	OR					
	What do you mean by "Agro-Forestry" ?					
3.5	Define "Terrace Cultivation".					
	OR					
	What are commercial crops ?					
3.6	What do you mean by "pure raw materials" ?					
	OR					
	What is "North-South Corridor" ?					
Civ	GROUP—D					
Giv	e brief explanatory answer (Alternatives should be noted) :— 3×4=12					
4.1	Explain why wind erosion dominates in the hot desert regions.					
	OR					
	State the differences between tributaries and distributaries.					
4.2	Explain briefly three effects of climatic changes observed in Sundarban region.					
	OR					
	Mention three differences between river valley and glaciated valley.					
4.3	Write three differences between Eastern and Western Ghat mountain ranges.					
	OR					
Explain why deltas are not formed at the mouth of west flowing rivers of India.						
4.4	Analyse three factors responsible for the development of IT industry in India.					
	OR					
	Why population density is very high in Ganga plain?					

4.

### GROUP-E

# (Sketches are not essential for Sightless Candidates)

5. 5.1 Answer any two questions from the following:-

 $5 \times 2 = 10$ 

- 5.1.1 Describe with sketches three landforms produced by depositional work of river in its middle course.
- 5.1.2 Give an account of three depositional landforms developed by glacier along with suitable sketches.
- 5.1.3 Describe with sketches, three features carved out by wind erosion.
- 5.1.4 Describe the landforms produced by combined actions of wind and running water in arid region.
- 5.2 Answer any two questions from the following:-

 $5 \times 2 = 10$ 

- 5.2.1 Distinguish between physical features of Eastern and Western coastal plains of India.
- 5.2.2 Describe in brief the major characteristic features of Indian climate.
- 5.2.3 Give an account of favourable physical factors required for cultivation of rice in India.
- 5.2.4 Explain the factors responsible for the concentration of iron and steel industry in Eastern India.

#### GROUP-F

- Locate the following with appropriate symbols and names on the given outline map of India.
   Attach the map with your answer script :— 1×10=10
  - 6.1 Vindhya range
  - 6.2 Malabar Coast
  - 6.3 River Kaveri
  - 6.4 A region of very low rainfall
  - 6.5 A black soil region
  - 6.6 One tea producing region of North-East India

- 6.7 A petro-chemical industrial center of West Bengal
- 6.8 A heavy engineering industrial center
- 6.9 A port with artificial harbour on East Coast
- 6.10 New Delhi.

#### OR

# [For Sightless Candidates Only]

6. Answer any ten of the following questions:—

 $1 \times 10 = 10$ 

- 6.1 What is the main basis of State reorganization in India?
- 6.2 Name the oldest mountain range of India.
- 6.3 What is the name of coral islands of India?
- 6.4 Name a cold desert of India.
- 6.5 On which river DVC project has been constructed?
- 6.6 Which is the main Kharif Crop of India?
- 6.7 Name one species of coniferous forest of India.
- 6.8 Which State of India ranks first in Jowar production?
- 6.9 Where is the "Central Wheat Research Institute" of India located ?
- 6.10 Name the largest automobile manufacturing company of India.
- 6.11 Name the biggest petro-chemical industrial centre of India.
- 6.12 Which is the largest metropolitan city of Eastern India?
- 6.13 What is the name of International Airport of Mumbai?
- 6.14 Which State of India has highest literacy rate?

### GROUP-G

### [For External Candidates Only]

7.	7.1	Answer any three questions :—		$2\times3=6$
		7.1.1	What is Canyon?	
		7.1.2	Define "Bergschrund".	
		7.1.3	What do you mean by "Inselberg" ?	
		7.1.4	What is "Kalbaisakhi" ?	
	7.2	Answe	r any four questions :—	1×4=4
		7.2.1	Name a plateau of North-East India.	
		7.2.2	Where is 'Bagar' located in India ?	
		7.2.3	Name a distributary of river Ganga.	
		7.2.4	Name one fiber crop.	
		7.2.5	Give an example of agro based industry.	